

Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION OF	THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER
Date of Issue:	11 April 2018
Product Name:	SmartSorb
Synonym(s):	SS15; SS35GP12; Diatomaceous Earth (uncalcined), Natural amorphous silica, DE.
Product Use(s):	Absorbent for general purpose liquid spills, such as fuels, oils, coolants and non-aggressive chemicals.
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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION		
Classification of the	NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN	
substance or mixture:	WHS REGULATIONS	
Precautionary Statement:	P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.	
Additional Information:	The cosmetic application of Diatomaceous earth has been assessed on the basis of the Tier 1 assessment by IMAP Accelerated Assessment of industrial chemicals in Australia. It is not considered to pose an unreasonable risk to the health of workers and public health.	
Other hazards:	No information provided.	

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

The Maidenwell diatomite is composed predominantly of Melosira granulate diatoms with about 50% intact siliceous skeletons and the remainder broken skeletons. Total Silica generally exceeds 85% of dry sample weight.

Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	ED Number	Content
Diatomaceous Earth	61790-53-2	-	>96%
Silica – Morphous (SiO2)			>80%
Silica - Crystalline			<1%
Arsenic			<10mg/kg
Lead			<10mg/kg

4. FIRST AID MEASUF	RES		
Description of First Aid Mea	Description of First Aid Measures		
Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. If discomfort persists seek medical attention.		
Inhalation	If a person breathes large amounts of this checmial, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Other measures are usually unnecessary, but if discomfort persists, seek medical attention.		
Skin	No known hazard. But if irritation occurs following skin contact, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.		
Ingestion	No known hazard.		
First aid facilities	Access to water and fresh air.		





Most important symptoms and affects, both acute and delayed: Due to the product form, adverse health effects are not anticipated with normal use.

Immediate medical attention Treat symptomatically. **and special treatment:**

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Extinguishing media:	Not combustible, however, if material is involved in a fire: use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:	Non-flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.	
Advice for firefighters:	While this product is not flammable, other combustible nearby products may be present. If a fire event occurs, evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.	
Hazchem code:	None allocated.	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions,	Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of	
protective equipment and	the SDS. Dust generation may be harmful. Dampen material with water	
emergency procedures:	to prevent airborne dust. Wear dust mask where ventilation is not adequate. NIOSH recommends (APF=5) any quarter-mask respirator for concentrations up to 30 mg/m3. Dampened material can be cleaned up using a shovel.	
Environmental precautions:	This product is not harmful to the environment. However, this product should be prevented from entering drains and waterways, as is good environmental practice.	
Methods of cleaning up: Reference to other sections:	If spilt, collect and re-use where possible. See sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.	

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Precautions for safe handling:	Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.	
Condition for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Specific end use(s):	Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. None established.	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PROTECTION		
Control parameters:	Substance: Diatomaceous Earth (uncalcined)	
	Cas No: 61790-53-2	
	Respirable dust (TWA): N/A	
	Inspirable dust (TWA): 10 mg/m3	
	STEL: N/A	
Exposure Standards	No exposure standards have been entered for this product.	
Biological Limits	No biological limit values have been entered for this product.	
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Exposure Controls:



Engineering controls	Avoid inhalation. Use well in ventilated areas. Maintain air concentration below occupational exposure standards, using engineering controls if necessary.
PPE:	
Eye/Face	Always use safety glasses or a face shield when handling this product to prevent eye contact.
Hands	Not required under normal conditions of use.
Body	Not required under normal conditions of use.
Respiratory	Wear dust mask where ventilation is not adequate. NIOSH recommends (APF=5) any quarter-mask respirator for concentrations up to 30 mg/m3. Where concentrations in air may approach or exceed the limits described, it is recommended to use a half-face filter mask to protect from overexposure by inhalation. A type 'A' filter material is considered suitable for this product.
	HEMICAL PROPERTIES sical and chemical properties:

Information on basic physical	and chemical properties:
Appearance	TRANSPARENT TO GRAY POWDER, CHALKY IN TEXTURE
Odour	ODOURLESS
Flammability	NOT COMBUSTIBLE
Flash point	NOT AVAILABLE
Boiling point	2230°C
Melting point	1710°C
Evaporation rate	NOT AVAILABLE
рН	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE
Specific gravity	NOT AVAILABLE
Solubility (water)	INSOLUABLE
Vapour pressure	NOT AVAILABLE
Upper explosion limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Lower explosion limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Auto-ignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REA	ACTIVITY
Reactivity:	Non-combustible solid. Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.
Chemical stability:	Inert.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	Contact with water will cause the product to clump and could make it difficult to manage. Natural Diatomaceous Earth is non-calcined. The amorphous silica remains in its natural state and is not considered harmful to animal or human health. However, any heat in excess of 1000°C should be avoided. Calcined diatomaceous earth has been treated at a temperature above 1000°C. The calcined product changes the amorphous silica to crystalline silica which can be toxic to humans and animals when inhaled.
Incompatible materials: Hazardous decomposition products:	Incompatible with fluorine, oxygen difluoride, chlorine trifluoride. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.





11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity Information available for the product: This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Due to the product form, adverse health effects are not anticipated with normal use. The available toxicological data contains no evidence that an acute exposure to a high concentration of amorphous silica would impede escape or cause any irreversible health efforts within 30 minutes (source NIOSH). Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation, or dryness to the skin. Not classified as an eye irritant, but may cause mechanical irritation of Eve the eve. Sensitisation No toxicological information available. Inhalation of dust may cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper airways. Symptoms of exposure can include nausea, coughing, sneezing and breathing difficulties. No evidence of mutagenic effects. Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity There is inadequate evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of amorphous silica. There is inadequate evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of uncalcined diatomaceous earth. There is inadequate evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of synthetic amorphous silica. Overall evaluation: Amorphous silica is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (group 3) - Source NIH Toxnet. Reproductive No relevant or reliable studies were identified. STOT – single exposure No toxicological information available. STOT – repeated exposure No toxicological information available. No toxicological information available. Aspiration Information on possible Inhalation - ventilated areas are usually sufficient. Use respirator where exposure may exceed exposure standard. routes of exposure Eyes - use safety glasses or goggles to prevent contact. Skin - normal work clothes and washing is usually adequate. Early onset symptoms Coughing, sneezing and shortness of breath. Skin irritation and related to exposure dryness. Sore eyes. **Delayed health effects from** Small amounts of silica are normally present in all body tissues, and it is exposure normal to find silicon dioxide in urine. After inhalation of amorphous diatomaceous earth, it is rapidly eliminated from lung tissue. 10mg/m3 is the exposure standard for inhalation. No other data is Exposure levels and health

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
EcoToxicity	Not harmful to the environment.	
Persistence and	Not applicable for a mineral. Assumed to be stable. (Source EFSA	
degradability	Journal 2012:10(7):2797).	
Bioaccumulative potential	No information provided.	
Mobility in soil	Not relevant.	
Other adverse effects	No information provided.	
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adverse health effects.

available for concentration or conditions of exposure that may cause

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			
Waste Treatment methods			
Waste disposal	Dispose of to an approved landfill or waste processing site. Contact the manufacture/supplier for additional information if required.		
Legislation	Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.		

effects





14. TRANSPORT INF	ORMATION				
NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA					
	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)		
UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated		
Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated		
Transport Hazard Class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated		
Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated		
Environmental hazards	No information provide	ed	•		
Special precautions for u Hazchem code	ser No information provide None Allocated	ed			
15. REGULATORY IN	FORMATION				
Safety health and enviror	nmental regulations / legisla	ation specific for the sub	ostance or mixture		
	ted on the AgVet Code as I				
Poison schedule	A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)				
Classifications	Safety Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals. The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC: 1008 (2004)].				
Hazard codes	None allocated.				
Risk phrases	None allocated.				
Safety phrases	None allocated.				
Inventory listings	All components are list EUROPE: EINECS (E Substances)	Australian Inventory of C ted on AICS, or are exem uropean Inventory of Ex ted on AICS, or are exem	pt. isting Chemical		
16. OTHER INFORM	ATION				
Additional information:	WORKPLACE CONTROLS AND PRACTICES:				
	substance, ENGINEEF reducing exposure. Th provide local exhaust v operations can also re	emical can be substituted RING CONTROLS are the best protection is to end ventilation at the site of ch duce exposure. Using res ctive than the controls me	e most effective way of close operations and/or emical release. Isolating pirators or protective		

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE (TWA) or WES (WORKPLACE EXPOSURE STANDARD) (NZ):

Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial		
	CAS #	Hygienists Chemical Abstract Service number – used to uniquely		
		identify chemical compounds		
	CNS	Central Nervous System		
	EC No.	European Community Number		
	EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)		
	GHS	Globally Harmonised System		
	GTEPG	Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide		
	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer		
	LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration		
	LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose		
	Mg/m3	Milligrams per Cubic Metre		
	OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit		
	рН	Relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0		
		(high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).		
	PPM	Parts Per Million		
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit		
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)		
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)		
	SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons		
	SWA	Safe Work Australia		
	TLV	Threshold Limit Value		
	TWA	Time Weighted Average		
	APVMA	Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority		
	IMAP	Inventory Multi-tiered Assessment and Prioritisation		
		conducted by Australian Government Department of Health		
		National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment		
		Scheme.		
Information Sources	Where possible, information was sourced from Hazardous Chemical Information			
	System (HCIS) published on Safe Work Australia website. Other information			
		www.nicnas.gov.au, http://apvma.gov.au,		
		/npg. EFSA Journal 2012:10(7):2797 and other documents		
		//toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/		





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[End of SDS]